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| **Strategic objective 1: Strengthening of the gender perspective in the formulation and implementation of the peace, security and defense policy of the Republic of Macedonia**  |
|  Result | Activities | Indicator | Time frame |
| 1.1 Increased participation of national institutions in international activities and cooperation with international organizations for implementation of Res.1325 and relevant resolutions  | -Trainings on strategies for implementation of Resolution1325 within the Comprehensive approach of the EU and ESDP (2008)-Trainings on the adoption of sensistive R2 r[[1]](#footnote-1) participation/events associated with Res. 1325 and related resolutions - Trainings on gender issues and Res. 1325for high and middle management from relevant institutions  | - number/profile of implemented projects and activities;-number/type of implemented trainings (men, women, rank, training)- proposed and adopted initiatives for gender sensitive mediation and dialogue; | 2013-2015In accordance with the annual operational plans on gender equality of the Ministry of Labour and Social Policy |
| 1.2 Increased participation and contribution of women/men in the adoption and implementation of the peace, security and defense policy of the Republic of Macedonia, including early prevention | - To establish a procedure for mandatory introduction of gender perspectives in the adoption of MSDP and in strategic implementation documents in line with the Law on Equal Opportunities of Women and Men- To establish gender-sensitive preventive sectoral policies within the MSDP and an implementation mechanism at national and local level;- To strengthen the capacities of coordinators for equal opportunities and collaboration and consultation with NGOs / civil society on issues related to peace and security policy from a gender pers- Number of cases resolved (or actions taken on cases)-% Of women who refereed legal obligations concerning ective in the relevant ministries and institutions at central and local level | -number/profile of women in the security sector- inputs and suggestions submitted and adopted within the MDSP from a gender perspective-number/type of comments (inputs) on gender equality from NGO/civil society - institutions that have developed and implemented a gender-sensitive preventive policy | 2013-2015In accordance with the annual operational plans on gender equality of the Ministry of Labour and Social Policy |
| **Indicator for strategic o** **Indicator for Strategic Goal 3:****Enhanced function for prevention and prevention of violence against women and girls and improved mechanisms for gender-sensitive assessments of risks from disasters.bjective 1: Content analyses of key policy documents on the representation, type, frequency of used gender perspective related terms**  |
| Responsible institutions: Ministry of Labour and Social Policy in collaboration with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Defense, Ministry of Interior, the Parliament of the Republic of Macedonia, the Committee on Equal Opportunities of Women and Men within Parliament, the Committee on Defence and Security in Parliament, Centre for Crisis Management, LGUs, civil sector |

1. * Outcome Document of the 2005 United Nations World Summit ([A/RES/60/1, para. 138-140](http://www.un.org/en/preventgenocide/adviser/pdf/World%20Summit%20Outcome%20Document.pdf#page=30)) and formulated in the [Secretary-General's 2009 Report (A/63/677) on implementing the Responsibility to Protect](http://www.un.org/ga/search/view_doc.asp?symbol=A/63/677) are:
	* The State carries the primary responsibility for protecting populations from genocide, war crimes, crimes against humanity and ethnic cleansing, and their incitement;
	* The international community has a responsibility to encourage and assist States in fulfilling this responsibility
	* The international community has a responsibility to use appropriate diplomatic, humanitarian and other means to protect populations from these crimes. If a State is manifestly failing to protect its populations, the international community must be prepared to take collective action to protect populations, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations [↑](#footnote-ref-1)